What Is Claimed Is:

	1	A method of time domain transmission, comprising the steps of:
	2	(a) producing a sinusoidal signal;
	3	(b) producing a train of pulses;
	4	(c) multiplying said sinusoidal signal by said train of pulses to
	5	produce a train of sinusoidal bursts;
	6	(d) transmitting said train of sinusoidal bursts.
ing their	1	. The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) comprises producing said train
5.4g	2	f pulses using an information signal.
the terms of the terms of the		
	1	. The method of claim 2, wherein step (b) further comprises time
M. Arts date	2	ositioning each pulse of said train of pulses using said information signal,
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3	nereby causing each sinusoidal burst in said train of sinusoidal bursts that is
	4	roduced in step (c) to be time positioned based on said information signal.
that that abor aper pers		
11 A	1	The method of claim 3, wherein said each pulse in said train of pulses has
	2	substantially Gaussian shape, thereby causing each sinusoidal burst in said train
	3	f sinusoidal bursts to have a substantially Gaussian shape.
	1	The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) further comprises producing said
	2	rain of pulses using an information signal and a coding signal.
	1	The method of claim 5, wherein step (b) further comprises time
	2	positioning each pulse of said train of pulses using said information signal and
	3	aid coding signal, thereby causing each sinusoidal burst in said train of

sinusoidal bursts that is produced in step (c) to be time positioned based on said

information signal and said coding signal.

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The method of claim 11, wherein said each pulse in said train of pulses

has a substantially Gaussian shape, thereby causing said each sinusoidal burst in

said train of sinusoidal bursts to have a substantially Gaussian shape.

The method of claim 1, wherein:

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	2		step (a) further comprises adjusted a phase of said sinusoidal signal based
	3	on an ir	nformation signal, and
	4		step (b) further comprises time positioning each pulse of said train of
	5	pulses u	using said information signal,
	6		thereby causing each sinusoidal burst in said train of sinusoidal bursts that
	7	is prod	uced in step (c) to be phase and position modulated based on said
	8	informa	ation signal.
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And And the special section of the s	1	14.	The method of claim 13, wherein said each pulse in said train of pulses
	2	has a su	abstantially Gaussian shape, thereby causing each sinusoidal burst in said
n W	3.	train of	sinusoidal bursts to have a substantially Gaussian shape.
And And			
11 4 4 4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	1	15.	The method of claim 1, wherein:
nd all	2		step (a) further comprises adjusted a phase of said sinusoidal signal using
191	3	an info	rmation signal and a coding signal, and
KIN AM THE	4		step (b) further comprises time positioning each pulse in said train of
	5	pulses	using said information signal and said coding signal,
	6		thereby causing each sinusoidal burst in said train of sinusoidal bursts that
	7	is prod	duced in step (c) to be phase and position modulated based on said
	8	inform	ation signal and said coding signal.
	1	16.	The method of claim 1, wherein:
	2		step (a) further comprises adjusted a phase of said sinusoidal signal using
	3	an info	rmation signal and a coding signal, and
	4		step (b) further comprises time positioning each pulse of said train of
	5	pulses	using one of said information signal and said coding signal,

thereby causing each sinusoidal burst in said train of sinusoidal bursts that is produced in step (c) to be phase and position modulated based on at least one of said information signal and said coding signal.

17. The method of claim 1, wherein:

step (a) further comprises adjusted a phase of said sinusoidal signal using one of an information signal and a coding signal, and

step (b) further comprises time positioning each pulse of said train of pulses using said information signal and said coding signal,

thereby causing each sinusoidal burst in said train of sinusoidal bursts that is produced in step (c) to be phase and position modulated based on at least one of said information signal and said coding signal.

- 18. The method of claim 1, wherein step (a) further comprises controlling a frequency of said sinusoidal signal so that said sinusoidal bursts produced in step (c) have a desired center frequency, said center frequency of said sinusoidal bursts being equal to said frequency of said sinusoidal signal.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein step (b) further comprises controlling a width of the pulses in said train of pulses so that said sinusoidal bursts produced in step (c) have a desired bandwidth, said bandwidth of said sinusoidal bursts being substantially equal to a reciprocal of said width.
- 20. The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) further comprises controlling a width of the pulses in said train of pulses so that said sinusoidal bursts produced in step (c) have a desired bandwidth, said bandwidth of said sinusoidal bursts being substantially equal to a reciprocal of said width.

	1	21.	A met	hod for receiving an impulse radio signal, comprising the steps of:
	2		(a)	producing a sinusoidal signal;
	3		(b)	producing a train of pulses;
	4		(c)	multiplying said sinusoidal signal by said train of pulses to
	5			produce a template signal consisting of a train of sinusoidal
	6			bursts; and
	7		(d)	cross correlating a received impulse radio signal with said
	8			template signal to output a baseband signal.
L. 10.23	1	22.	A met	hod for receiving an impulse radio signal, comprising the steps of:
	2		(a)	producing a coding signal;
	3		(b)	producing a sinusoidal signal;
	4		(c)	producing a train of pulses;
The first of the fact of the first of the species of the fact of t	5		(d)	time positioning each pulse of said train of pulses using said
	6		. ,	coding signal to produce a code position modulated train of
- -	7			pulses;
	8		(e)	multiplying said sinusoidal signal by said code position
-4	9		` ,	modulated train of pulses to produce a template signal consisting
	10			of a train of code position modulated sinusoidal bursts; and
	11		(d)	cross correlating a received impulse radio signal with said
	12			template signal to output a baseband signal.
	1	23.	A met	thod for receiving an impulse radio signal, comprising the steps of:
	2		(a)	producing a coding signal;
	3		(b)	producing a sinusoidal signal;
	4		(c)	producing a train of pulses;
	5		(d)	adjusting the phase of said sinusoidal signal using said coding
	6			signal to produce a code phase modulated sinusoidal signal;

7	(e)	multiplying said code phase modulated sinusoidal signal by said
8		train of pulses to produce a template signal consisting of a train of
9		code phase modulated sinusoidal bursts; and
10	(d)	cross correlating a received impulse radio signal with said
11		template signal to output a baseband signal.
1	24. A me	thod for receiving an impulse radio signal, comprising the steps of:
2	(a)	producing a coding signal;
3	(b)	producing a sinusoidal signal;
1 4	(c)	producing a train of pulses;
1 4 5 6 7	(d)	adjusting the phase of said sinusoidal signal using said coding
1 6		signal to produce a code phase modulated sinusoidal signal;
1 7	(e)	time positioning each pulse of said train of pulses using said
£ 8		coding signal to produce a code position modulated train of
13 9 14		pulses;
§ 4 10	(f)	multiplying said code phase modulated sinusoidal signal by said
11		code position modulated train of pulses to produce a template
‡± 12		signal consisting of a train of code phase and position modulated
13		sinusoidal bursts; and
14	(d)	cross correlating a received impulse radio signal with said
15		template signal to output a baseband signal.
1	25. An i	mpulse radio transmitter, comprising:
2	a sin	e generator that outputs a sinusoidal signal;
3	a pre	cision timing generator that outputs a trigger signal;
4	a gai	e function generator that receives said trigger signal and outputs a
5	train of puls	es;

adjustor receivers said information signal and produces said phase adjustment

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1 2 The impulse radio transmitter of claim 31, wherein said precision phase

An impulse radio transmitter, comprising:

adjustment signal and a trigger signal;

a sine generator that outputs a sinusoidal signal;

a precision phase adjustor and timing generator that outputs a phase

	5	a gate function generator that receives said trigger signal and outpu	its a
	6	rain of pulses;	
	7	a phase modulator that receives said phase adjustment signal and adj	usts
	8	a phase of said sinusoidal signal using said phase adjustment signal;	
	9	a multiplier that multiplies said phase adjusted sinusoidal signal with	said
1	0	rain of pulses and outputs a train of phase adjusted sinusoidal bursts;	
1	1	an antenna to transmit said train of phase adjusted sinusoidal bursts.	•
ä 👈	1	The impulse radio transmitter of claim 37, further comprising:	
	2	an information source that outputs an information signal.	
State that the take the state of that the	1	The impulse radio transmitter of claim 38, wherein said precision pl	hase
ĮŢ.	2	adjustor and timing generator receives said information signal and produces	said
of the state of the	3	phase adjustment signal and said trigger signal using said information signa	al.
14	1	40. The impulse radio transmitter of claim 38, further comprising:	
त्ती हिन्दू हिन्दू जी जी। जीव क्षेत्री हिन्दू जीव	2	a code generator that outputs a coding signal.	
	1	The impulse radio transmitter of claim 40, wherein said precision p	hase
	2	adjustor and timing generator receives said information signal and said co	ding
	3	signal and produces said phase adjustment signal and said trigger signal u	sing
	4	said information signal and said coding signal.	
	1	42. An impulse radio receiver, comprising:	
	2	a sine generator that outputs a sinusoidal signal;	
	3	a precision timing generator that outputs a trigger signal;	
	4	a gate function generator that receives said trigger signal and outp	uts a
	5	train of pulses;	

	6	a multiplier that multiplies said sinusoidal signal with said train of pulses
	7	nd outputs a template signal consisting of a train of sinusoidal bursts; and
	8	a cross correlator that cross correlates a received impulse radio signal with
	9	aid template signal and outputs a baseband signal.
	1	3. The impulse radio receiver of claim 42, further comprising a code
± m.	2	enerator that outputs a coding signal.
	1	4. The impulse radio receiver of claim 43, wherein said precision timing
	2	enerator receives said coding signal and produces said trigger signal using said
of the s	3	oding signal.
the first mile that other as that the first	1	5. An impulse radio receiver, comprising:
F Harr	2	a sine generator that outputs a sinusoidal signal;
### ###	3	a precision phase adjustor and timing generator that outputs a phase
The other	4	djustment signal and a trigger signal;
Half talk affect that their sette	5	a gate function generator that receives said trigger signal and outputs a
	6	rain of pulses;
	7	a phase modulator that receives said phase adjustment signal and outputs
	8	phase modulated sinusoidal signal;
	9	a multiplier that multiplies said phase modulated sinusoidal signal with
	10	aid train of pulses and outputs a template signal consisting of a train of phase
	11	nodulated sinusoidal bursts; and
	12	a cross correlator that cross correlates a received impulse radio signal with
	13	said template signal and outputs a baseband signal.
	1	16. The impulse radio receiver of claim 45, further comprising:
	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2	a code generator that outputs a coding signal.

The impulse radio receiver of claim 46, wherein said precision phase adjustor and timing generator receives said coding signal and produces said phase adjustment signal and said trigger signal using said coding signal.